Sarita Nupur Vyapar Pvt. Ltd.

"SIKKIM COMMERCE HOUSE"
4/1, MIDDLETON STREET
KOLKATA-700 071

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST ..ARCH, 2026

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
1, GANESH CHANDRA AVENUE,
4TH FLOOR,
KOLKATA - 700 013
2236-1785
agarwalkejriwal@gma...com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of theFinancial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Sarita Nupur Vyapar Private Limited**. ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31st, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31st, 2026, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 7 to the financial statements relating to trade receivables aggregating to Rs. 223.70 lacs which have remained outstanding for a period exceeding three years. We further draw attention to Note 10 relating to Other Current Assets, which includes advances aggregating to Rs. 222.16 lacs outstanding for a period exceeding three years.

The recoverability of the aforesaid trade receivables and advances is dependent upon realization from the respective parties. No provision for doubtful debts, expected credit loss, or impairment has been made by the management in respect of these outstanding balances, as the management is of the view these amounts will be recoverable in due course.

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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:-

   a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

   b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

   c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

   d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.

   e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

   f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **"Annexure A".** Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

   g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

      In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

   h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

      i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.

      ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

      iii. There were no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

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iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. No dividend is declared or paid during the year by the company, hence this clause is not applicable.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with for the period for which the audit trail was operating and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "**Annexure B**" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Agarwal Kejriwal & Co.
Chartered Accountant
Firm Registration No. 316112E

(M. Agarwal)
Partner
Membership No: 052474
UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513
Place: Kolkata
Date: 30th day of May, 2026

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Sarita Nupur Vyapar Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financials Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Sarita Nupur Vyapar Private Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31st, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31st, 2026, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Agarwal Kejriwal & Co.
Chartered Accountant
Firm Registration No. 316112E



(M. Agarwal)
Partner
Membership No: 052474
UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513
Place: Kolkata
Date: 30TH day of May, 2026

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Sarita Nupur Vyapar Private Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

i. In respect of the Company's property, plant and equipment:

a) (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.

(B) The company has no intangible assets, so clause relating to maintenance of proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets is not applicable to the company.

b) The Company has a program of physical verification of property, plant and equipment to cover all the items in a phased manner over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain property, plant and equipment were physically verified by the management during the year and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable property are held in the name of the company.

d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) and its intangible assets during the year ended 31st March, 2026.

e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

ii. a) The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification were not more than 10% in the aggregate for each class of inventory.

b) During any point in time of the period, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets but quarterly returns are not required to be filed by the company with such banks as these sanctions are for agricultural purpose.

iii. a) According to the information and explanation provided to us, the Company has not provided unsecured loans or unsecured advances in the nature of loans and stood guarantee to parties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.

b) During the year the Company has not provided security and not granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. The guarantees stood are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.

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c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loan, loans are repayable on demand and hence there is no schedule of repayment of principal and interest and hence the stipulation of regular payment of the principal and interest is not insisted.

d) There are no amounts overdue for more than ninety days in respect of the loan granted to Company/ Firm/ LLP/ Other parties.

e) There is no loan or advance in the nature of loan granted falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to same parties.

f) The Company has not granted loans or advances in the nature of loans repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

iv. The Company has not advanced loans to directors / to a Company in which the director is interested to which provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 apply. The Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of guarantees provided.

v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3 (v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

vi. The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act are not applicable to the Company as the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records for any of the products of the Company. Accordingly, reporting in paragraph 3 (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

vii. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, undisputed statutory dues including goods and service tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess have generally been regularly deposited by the company with appropriate authorities in all cases during the year.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income tax, goods and service tax, customs duty, cess and any other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments of the Company. Also, there are no previously unrecorded income which has been now recorded in the books of account. Hence, reporting in paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ix.

a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

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c) In our opinion and according to the information explanation provided to us, money raised by way of term loans during theyear have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised.

d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.

e) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, hence reporting under paragraph 3(ix)(e) of the Order is t applicable to the Company.

f) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, hence reporting under paragraph 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

x. a) In our opinion and as per information and explanations given to us, during the period the company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

b) Accordingly, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.

xi.

a) During the course of our audit, examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company nor on the Company.

b) We have not come across of any instance of fraud by the Company or on the Company during the course of audit of the financial statement for the year ended March 31st, 2026, accordingly reporting under paragraph 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us all the transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the financial statement as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.

xiv. In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not require to have an internal audit system. Accordingly, Clause 3(xiv)(a) and Clause 3(xiv)(b) is not applicable to the company.

xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



xvi.

a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

xvii. The company has not incurred any cash losses during the current financial year as well as in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii. There has been no change in the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, the requirements of Clause 3(xviii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable to the Company.

xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of financial ratios, ageing and expected date of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report and the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Hence, the provisions of paragraph 3(xx)(a) to (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in the report.

For Agarwal Kejriwal & Co.
Chartered Accountant
Firm Registration No. 316112E

(M. Agarwal)
Partner
Membership No: 052474
UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513
Place: Kolkata
Date: 30th day of May, 2026

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U51909WB2004PTC100218

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2026

[All amounts in Rs. thousand]

Particulars	Notes	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
(I) ASSETS			
Non- Current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	**29,909**	30,350
(b) Capital Work in Progress		**37,900**	2,235
(c) Financial Assets			
Investments	3	**6,241**	6,241
(d) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	4	**946**	1,019
(e) Other Non Current Asssets	5	**10**	10
Total Non Current Assets		**75,006**	39,854
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	6	-	53,428
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	7	**23,047**	61,797
(ii) Cash & Cash Equivalents	8	**531**	50
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)	9	**15**	121
(d) Other Current Assets	10	**22,326**	22,367
Total Current Assets		**45,919**	1,37,763
TOTAL ASSETS		**1,20,925**	1,77,617
(II) EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	11	**3,225**	3,225
Other Equity	12	**32,595**	31,537
Total Equity		**35,820**	34,762
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	13	**21,683**	22,738
(ii) Trade Payables	14	**21,004**	1,20,017
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	15	**4,000**	-
(b) Other Current Liabilities	16	**38,418**	100
Total Current Liabilities		**85,105**	1,42,855
TOTAL LIABILITIES		**85,105**	1,42,855
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		**1,20,925**	1,77,617

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

The above statement of Balance Sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Summary of significant accounting policies 1

Notes to Financial Statement 2-45

The accompanying notes are integral Part of the Financial Statements

For AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 316112E

(M. Agarwal)

Partner

Membership No. : 052474

UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

Place : Kolkata

Date :30/05/2026

For & on behalf of the Board

(AKHIL KUMAR MANGLIK)

Director

DIN: 01344949

(MANOJ KUMAR GANGULY)

Director

DIN: 00216496

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U51909WB2004PTC100218

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

[All amounts in Rs. thousand, unless otherwise stated]

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31st March, 2026	Year ended 31st March, 2025
(III) Income:			
Revenue from operations	17	**1,78,761**	1,22,286
Other Income	18	**50**	7
Total Income		**1,78,811**	1,22,294
(IV) Expenses:			
Purchases of stock in trade	19	**1,18,100**	1,68,418
Changes in inventories of finished goods & Stock-in-Trade	20	**53,428**	(52,979)
Employee benefits expense	21	**127**	257
Finance Costs	22	**2,194**	4,423
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	23	**440**	463
Other expenses	24	**3,251**	296
Total Expenses		**1,77,540**	1,20,878
Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III - IV)		**1,271**	1,416
Exceptional Item		-	-
Profit before tax		**1,271**	1,416
Income Tax Expense			
(1) Current Tax		**140**	65
(2) Deferred Tax		**73**	405
Total Tax Expense		**213**	471
Profit for the year		**1,058**	945
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans		-	-
Income tax relating to above items		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		**1,058**	945
Earning per equity share (Face Value of Rs.10 each)	25		
(1) Basic		**3.28**	2.93
(2) Diluted		**3.28**	2.93

This is the statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

The above statement of Profit and Loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Summary of significant accounting policies 1

Notes to Financial Statement 2-45

The accompanying notes are integral Part of the Financial Statements

For AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 316112E

(M. Agarwal)
Partner
Membership No. : 052474
UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

Place : Kolkata
Date :30/05/2026

For & on behalf of the Board

(AKHIL KUMAR MANGLIK)
Director
DIN: 08052147

(MANOJ KUMAR GANGULY)
Director
DIN: 00216496

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U51909WB2004PTC100218

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

[All amounts in Rs. thousand, unless otherwise stated]

	Notes	(Amount in ₹)
As at 31st March 2024		3,225
Changes in Equity Share Capital	11	-
As at 31st March 2025		3,225
Changes in Equity Share Capital	11	-
As at 31st March 2026		**3,225**

B. OTHER EQUITY

(Amount in ₹)

PARTICULARS	SECURITIES PREMIUM RESERVE	GENERAL RESERVE	RETAINED EARNINGS	OTHER RESERVES - OCI	TOTAL
As at 31st March 2024	28,125	-	2,467	-	30,592
Add: Profit after tax for the year	-	-	945	-	945
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-
Income Tax relating to these items	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	28,125	-	3,412	-	31,537
Add: Profit after tax for the year	-	-	1,058	-	**1,058**
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-
Income Tax relating to these items	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2026	**28,125**	-	**4,470**	-	**32,595**

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

The above Statement of Changes In Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

For AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 316112E

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

(M. Agarwal)
Partner
Membership No. : 052474
UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513

Place : Kolkata
Date :30/05/2026

For & on behalf of the Board

(AKHIL KUMAR MANGLIK)
Director
DIN: 01344949

(MANOJ KUMAR GANGULY)
Director
DIN: 00216496

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2026

[All amounts in Rs. thousand unless otherwise stated]

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
(A) Cash Flow From Operating Activities		
Profit before Income Tax	**1,271**	1,416
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	**440**	463
Finance Costs	**2,194**	4,423
Sundry Balance Written Off (Net)	**-**	16
Operating profit before working capital changes	**3,905**	6,318
Adjustments for		
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade Receivables	**38,751**	38,670
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories	**53,428**	(52,979)
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Current Assets	**42**	-
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Non Current Asset	**-**	(7)
(Decrease)/Increase in Trade Payable	**(99,014)**	40,458
(Decrease)/Increase in Other Financial Liabilities	**4,000**	-
(Decrease)/Increase in Other Current Liabilities	**38,318**	(1,702)
Cash Generated from Operations	**39,430**	30,758
Income Tax Paid	**(35)**	10
Net Cash from Operating Activities	**39,395**	30,768
(B) Cash Flow From Investing Activities		
Payment for Property, Plant & Equipment	**(35,665)**	
Net Cash Generated From/(Used in) Investing Activities	**(35,665)**	-
(C) Cash Flow From Financial Activities		
Borrowings (Repaid) / Taken	**(1,055)**	(26,648)
Finance Costs	**(2,194)**	(4,423)
Net Cash Generated From/(Used in) Financing Activities	**(3,249)**	(31,071)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	**481**	(303)
Opening Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Opening Cash & Cash Equivalents	**50**	353
Closing Cash & Cash Equivalents	**531**	50

Notes :

(i) The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) statement of cash flows.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents include "Cash and Bank Balances".

(iii) Previous years figures have been re-arranged/re-grouped wherever necessary.

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

For AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 316112E

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

(M. Agarwal)
Partner
Membership No. : 052474
UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513

Place : Kolkata
Date :30/05/2026

For & on behalf of the Board

(AKHIL KUMAR MANGLIK)
Director
DIN: 08052147

(MANOJ KUMAR GANGULY)
Director
DIN: 00216496

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

Background & Operations:

Sarita Nupur Vyapar Private Limited is a private limited company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in India. The Company is engaged in the Business of sale of Agri Products etc.

Note No. 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

1.1.1 Compliance with Ind AS:

These financial statements comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

1.1.2 Classification of Current and Non-Current:

All the Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Ind AS 1- Presentation of Financial Statements and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of the products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle to be 12 months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

1.1.3 Historical Cost Convention:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value.

1.1.4 Rounding of amounts:

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest Rupees as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Segment Reporting:

Operating Segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

1.3 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue are inclusive of claims and are net of sales return, sales tax/value added tax/goods and service tax, trade allowances and amount collected on behalf of third parties. The company recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and significant risk and rewards incidental to the sale of products is transferred to the buyer.

1.4 Income Tax:

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the financial statement. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are excepted to apply when the related defferred income tax assets is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, only if, it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

1.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, bank overdraft, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.6 Trade Receivables:

Trade Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment, if any.

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

1.7 Inventories:

Inventories are stated at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using FIFO method and comprises of the purchase price including duties and taxes, freight inward and other expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition, but excluding trade discount and other rebates.

1.8 Investments and other Financial Assets:

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

i) those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and

ii) those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depend on the company's business model for managing the financial assets and the other contractual terms of cash flows.

1.9 Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified at amortised cost.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities including borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-Recognition of Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.10 Income Recognition:

Interest Income: Interest income from financial instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. Interest on income tax refunds is recognised when the right to receive is established.

1.11 Property, Plant and Equipment:

All items of Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided as per the Written Down Value (WDV) method on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, which in the view of the management is reasonable based on the expected useful life of the assets. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.12 Equity:

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

1.13 Earnings per Share:

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Since the Company has no dilutive potential equity shares, basic and diluted earnings per share are the same.



1.14 Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the year, and disclosures of contingent liabilities. The estimates and assumptions used are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

1.15 Borrowing:

Borrowings are initially recognised at net of transaction costs incurred and measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

1.16 Borrowing Cost:

Interest and other borrowing costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised. Other interest and borrowing costs are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.17 Provisions, contingent liabilities and Commitments

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

(a) Contingent Liabilities

The Company does not have any contingent liabilities as at 31st March, 2026. Specifically:

(i) The Company has not acknowledged any debts as claims pending against the Company.

(ii) The Company has provided a corporate guarantee to Kotak Mahindra Bank amounting to ₹1,229 lacs in respect of the loan availed by its Holding Company, Asian Tea and Exports Ltd.

(iii) The Company has not received any show cause notice, demand notice or order from any Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax or any other statutory authority. No disputed tax demands are pending before any appellate authority as at the reporting date.

(iv) Except for the above corporate guarantee, there are no other amounts for which the Company is contingently liable.

Total Contingent Liability: ₹1,229 lacs.

(b) Capital Commitments

All capital expenditure incurred during the year in respect of Property, Plant and Equipment has been fully paid. There are no contracts remaining to be

(c) Other Commitments

The Company does not have any long-term purchase commitments, non-cancellable operating lease arrangements or any other material commitments

(d) Management Representation

In the opinion of the management, the Company does not have any present obligations arising from past events that would require a present outflow of resources as at 31st March, 2026. The management is of the view that no material liability is expected to crystallise in respect of the above matters.

1.18 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Amount in Rs. thousand)

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Carrying Amount
	Original Cost as at 1st April, 2024	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 1st April, 2024	Depreciation for the year	Disposals during the year	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2025
Tangible Assets									
Freehold Land	21,212	-	-	21,212	-	-	-	-	21,212
Warehouse Building	17,814	-	-	17,814	8,230	462	-	8,692	9,123
Electric Installation	231	-	-	231	220	-	-	220	12
Tubewell	58	-	-	58	53	1	-	54	4
Total	39,316	-	-	39,316	8,503	463	-	8,966	30,350

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Carrying Amount
	Original Cost as at 1st April, 2025	Addition for the Quarter	Disposals during the Year	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 1st April, 2025	Depreciation for the Year	Disposals during the Year	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2026
Tangible Assets									
Freehold Land	21,212	-	-	**21,212**	-	-	-	-	**21,212**
Warehouse Building	17,814	-	-	**17,814**	8,692	440	-	9,131	**8,683**
Electric Installation	231	-	-	**231**	220	-	-	**220**	**12**
Tubewell	58	-	-	**58**	54	1	-	**55**	**3**
Total	39,316	-	-	**39,316**	8,966	440	-	9,406	**29,909**

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. * Chartered Accountants * Kolkata 700 013

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

3 INVESTMENT IN SHARES

(Amount in Rs. thousandd)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
	Quantity	Quantity	Amount (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
Non-Current Investments				
A. Equity Investment Designated at Cost				
Investments in Equity Instruments - Others				
(In unquoted Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid, except otherwise stated)				
Asian Capital Market Ltd	40,000	40,000	2,000	2,000
Greenex Chemicals Pvt ltd	-	29,800	-	1,567
IBM Finance & Investment Pvt ltd	61,168	41,390	3,966	1,449
Maharaja Barter Pvt Ltd	17,500	17,500	175	175
Mittal Texo Fab Pvt Ltd	10	10	0	0
ST Buildcon P Ltd	-	20,000	-	200
Swati Nippon Pvt Ltd	10,000	10,000	100	100
Ultrafocus Developers Pvt ltd	-	50,000	-	750
Total			6,241	6,241

4 DEFERRED TAX ASSET (NET)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
Deferred tax b/f	**1,019**	1,424
Created during the year		
Financial asset at FVTOCI (Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income)	-	-
Financial asset at FVTPL (Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	**(73)**	(405)
Total	**946**	1,019

Movement in Deferred Tax Assets

Particulars	1st April 2024	Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Recognised in Other Equity	31st March, 2025
Balance b/f	1,424	-	-	1,424
Depreciation	-	-	-	-
Financial asset at FVTPL (Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	-	-	(405)	(405)
Total	1,424	-	(405)	1,019

Particulars	1st April 2025	Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Recognised in Other Equity	31st March, 2026
Balance b/f	1,019	-	-	**1,019**
Depreciation	-	-	-	-
Financial asset at FVTPL (Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	-	-	(73)	**(73)**
Total	**1,019**	-	**(73)**	**946**

5 OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS

(Unsecured - considered good unless otherwise stated)	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
Security Deposits	**10**	10
Total	**10**	10

6 INVENTORIES

At lower of cost and net realisable value	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
Stores & Packing Materials	-	350
Pulses	-	30,780
Others	-	22,298
Total	-	53,428

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

(Amount in Rs. thousandd)

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
7	**TRADE RECEIVABLES**		
	Unsecured		
	- Considered Good	**23,047**	61,797
	Total	**23,047**	61,797

Trade Receivable Ageing

2025-26

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6months - 1year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
i) Undisputed Considered good	676	-	-	-	22,370	**23,047**
ii) Undisputed Considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Disputed Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed Considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

2024-25

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6months - 1year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
i) Undisputed Considered good	29,327	-	-	-	32,470	61,797
ii) Undisputed Considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii)Disputed Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv)Disputed Considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
8	**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**		
	Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	**3**	3
	Cash on Hand (as certified by management)	**527**	46
	Total	**531**	50
9	**CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)**		
	Advance Tax & TDS (net of provision)	**15**	121
	Total	**15**	121
10	**OTHER CURRENT ASSETS**		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Advance to others		
	Arun Kumar Bhunia	**100**	100
	RK Galaxy PTE Limited	**22,116**	22,116
	Rashmi Metaliks Limited	**8**	-
	Modulex Construction & Consultancy	**-**	50
	DGFT Licence Payment Refundable	**101**	101
	Total	**22,326**	22,367

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

11 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(Amount in Rs. thousand)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
Authorised		
3,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	**3,500**	3,500
	3,500	3,500
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up		
3,22,500 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	**3,225**	3,225
Total	**3,225**	3,225

The Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below	No. of shares	No. of shares
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	**3,22,500**	3,22,500
Add: Issued during the year	**-**	-
Equity Shares at the end of the year	**3,22,500**	3,22,500

(a) Rights , preferences and restrictions attached to Shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as Equity Shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each shareholder is entitled for one vote per share held and is entitled to participate in dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(b) Details of Equity Shares held by Shareholders holding more than 5% shares of the aggregate Equity Shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
	No. & % of Shares	
Asian Tea and Exports Ltd (Holding Company)	**322490(100%)**	**322490(100%)**

(c) Shares held by Holding/Ultimate holding company and /or their subsidiaries/associates

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
Promoters		
Asian Tea and Exports Ltd (Holding Company)	**3,22,490**	3,22,490
	3,22,490	3,22,490

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

12 OTHER EQUITY

(Amount in Rs. thousand)

Particulars	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
As at 31st March 2024	28,125	2,467	30,592
Add: Profit for the year	-	945	945
Remeasurement of post- employment defined benefit obligations	-	-	-
Income Tax relating to these items	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	**28,125**	**3,412**	**31,537**
Add: Profit for the year	-	**1,058**	**1,058**
Remeasurement of post- employment defined benefit obligations	-	-	-
Income Tax relating to these items	-	-	-
As at 31st March, 2026	**28,125**	**4,470**	**32,595**

Nature and Purpose of Other Reserves

a) Securities Premium Reserve

Securities Premium Reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is available for utilisation in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

b) General Reserve

General Reserve is created and utilised in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

c) Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings represent accumulated profits earned by the Company and the remaining undistributed as on date.

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

(Amount in Rs. thousand)

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2026	As at 31st March, 2025
13	**CURRENT BORROWINGS**		
	Secured Loans repayable on demand from Banks		
	ICICI BANK LTD OD	**14,293**	22,738
	*Secured by hypothecation charge on all current assets and collateral security in the form of equitable mortgage of properties lying in the name of third parties and personal guarantee of Raunak Garg (Director) , corporate guarantee of Asian Tea and Exports Ltd and Abhilasha Plaza Private Ltd.)		
	Unsecured Loans		
	From Body Corporates	**7,390**	
	Total	**21,683**	22,738
14	**TRADE PAYABLES**		
	Trade Payables		
	a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises*		
	b) Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
	For Goods purchased	**20,640**	1,19,907
	For Services received	**363**	110
	Total	**21,004**	1,20,017
	There are no outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) based on the information available with the company.		

Trade Payable Ageing

Particulars	2025-26				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Others	21,004	-	-	-	21,004
iii) Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-others	-	-	-	-	-

Trade Payable Ageing

Particulars	2024-25				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Others	1,20,017	-	-	-	1,20,017
iii) Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-others	-	-	-	-	-

15	**OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**		
	Trade Payables	**As at 31st March, 2026**	**As at 31st March, 2025**
	Security Deposit	**4,000**	-
	Total	**4,000**	-
16	**OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES**		
	Statutory dues (Tax Deducted at Source)	68	100
	Asian Tea & Exports Limited (Holding Company)	38,350	-
	Total	**38,418**	100

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Chartered Accountants Kolkata 700 013

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

(Amount in Rs. thousand)

	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2026	For the year ended 31st March, 2025
17	**REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS**		
	(i) SALES OF PRODUCTS		
	A. Domestic:		
	Pulses	**1,54,729**	1,21,926
	Others	**23,246**	-
	(A)	**1,77,976**	1,21,926
	(ii) OTHER OPERATING REVENUE		
	Warehouse Charges Received	**785**	360
	(B)	**785**	360
	Total (A+B)	**1,78,761**	1,22,286
18	**OTHER INCOME**		
	Miscellaneous Receipts	**44**	-
	Interest on Income Tax	**6**	7
	Total	**50**	7
19	**PURCHASES OF STOCK IN TRADE**		
	Pulses	**1,18,100**	1,46,120
	Others	**-**	22,298
	Total	**1,18,100**	1,68,418
20	**CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS AND STOCK IN TRADE**		
	Opening Stock	**53,428**	449
	Less: Closing Stock	**-**	53,428
	Decrease/(Increase)	**53,428**	(52,979)
21	**EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE**		
	Salaries and wages	**127**	226
	Staff Welfare Expenses	**-**	31
	Total	**127**	257

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SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

(Amount in Rs. thousand)

	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2026	For the year ended 31st March, 2025
22	**FINANCE COSTS**		
	Loan Processing Fee	128	-
	Interest Expenses	2,036	4,417
	Bank Charges	30	6
	Total	2,194	4,423
23	**DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION**		
	Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	440	463
	Total	440	463
24	**OTHER EXPENSES**		
	Statutory Auditors Remuneration		
	Statutory Audit Fees	35	35
	Tax Audit Fees	60	-
	Brokerage & Commission	-	106
	Clearing & Forwarding Charges	1,216	-
	Electricity Charges	70	12
	Filing Fees	12	11
	Freight Expenses	507	-
	FSSAI Charges	9	9
	Professional Fees	795	12
	Misc. Expenses	8	24
	Office Expenses	3	40
	Interest on Statutory Dues	3	1
	Rent, Rates & Taxes	5	5
	Repairs & Maintenance	40	0
	Sundry Balance Written Off (Net)	-	16
	Travelling & conveyance	2	25
	Warehousing Charges	486	-
	Total	3,251	296

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

(Amount in Rs. thousand)

	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March, 2026	For the year ended 31st March, 2025
25	**EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)**		
	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	i) Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (Rs.)	**1,058**	945
	ii) Weighted Average number of equity shares	**3,22,500**	3,22,500
	iii) Basic and Diluted Earning per share attributable to the equity holders of the company (Rs.)	**3.28**	2.93
	iv) Face Value per equity share (Rs.)	**10.00**	10.00
26	**CONTINGENT LIABILITY NOT PROVIDED FOR**		
	Guarantee Given to Kotak Mahindra Bank for the loan taken by the Holding Company M/s. Asian Tea and Exports Ltd	**1,22,900**	1,22,900
	Total	**1,22,900**	1,22,900

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

27 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

i) List of Related Parties where control exists with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Name of the Party	Nature of Relation
1. Asian Tea & Exports Limited	Parent Company
2. Greenol Laboratories Pvt. Ltd 3. Herbby Tea Plantation Pvt Ltd	Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Parent
4. Hurdeodass Co. Pvt Ltd 5. Asian Tea Company Pvt Ltd 6. Kesavatsapur Tea Company Pvt.	Associate of Parent
7. Ambey Infra Reality Pvt Ltd 8. Asian Capital Market Limited 9. Asian Housing & Infrastructure Ltd 10. TH Infracon Pvt Ltd 11. Caravan Vinimay (P) Ltd 12. Abhilasha Plaza Pvt Ltd 13. Ultrashine Marketing Private ltd 14. Indong Tea Co. Ltd. 15. IBM Finance & Investment Pvt Ltd	Significant Influence of Key Management Personnel (KMP)
16. Mr. H.R.Garg 17. Mr. Sunil Garg 18. Mr. Rajesh Garg 19. Mr. Raunak Garg 20. Mrs. Sita Garg 21. Mrs. Rama Garg 22. Mr. Sushil Kumar Navatia 23. Mr. Akhil Kumar Mangalik 24. Mr. Manish Jajodia 25. CS Priyarup Mukherjee 26. CS Anjali Shaw	Key Management Personnel (KMP)

ii) Transactions during the year and outstanding balance with Related Parties **(Amount in Rs. thousand)**

PARTICULARS	Year Ended March 31, 2026	Year Ended March 31, 2025
Sales		
Asian Tea & Exports Ltd	32,271	75,151
Abhilasha Plaza Pvt Ltd	-	13,817
	-	-
Purchase of Stores	-	-
Asian Tea & Exports Ltd	-	22,786
Indong Tea Co Ltd	-	29,700
	-	-
Rent Received	-	-
Asian Tea & Exports Ltd.	200	300
Indong Tea Co Ltd	240	60
Th Infracon Pvt Ltd	115	-
	-	-
Outstanding Balance Receivable	-	-
Asian Tea & Exports Ltd (Debit Balance)	186	28,871
	-	
Outstanding Balance Payable	-	-
Indong Tea Co Ltd	108	29,675
Asian Tea & Exports Ltd.	38,350	-
Asian Capital Market Ltd.	1,808	-
Th Infracon Pvt Ltd	113	-
IBM Finance & Investment Ltd	5,582	-
	-	
Security Deposit Received	-	-
Indong Tea Co Ltd	4,000	-
	-	
Advance taken during the year	-	-
Asian Capital Market Ltd.	11,663	1,955
Asian Tea & Exports Ltd.	38,485	-
IBM Finance & Investment Ltd	6,600	-
Asian Housing & Infrastructure	1,800	-
Indong Tea Co Ltd	3,000	-
	-	-
Repayment during the year	-	-
Asian Capital Market Ltd.	10,163	1,960
Asian Tea & Exports Ltd.	135	-
IBM Finance & Investment Ltd	1,200	-
Asian Housing & Infrastructure	1,800	-
Indong Tea Co Ltd	3,000	-
	-	-
Interest paid during the year	-	-
IBM Finance & Investment Ltd	182	-
Asian Capital Market Ltd.	308	5

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Chartered Accountants Kolkata 700 013

28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, the company has risk management policies as described below :-

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss arising from default / failure by the counterparty to meet financial obligations as per the terms of contract. The Company is exposed to credit risk for receivables, cash and cash equivalents and financial guarantees. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentration of credit risks.

Credit risk on receivables is minimum since sales are made after judging credit worthiness of the customers, advance payment or against letter of credit by banks. The history of defaults has been minimal and outstanding receivables are regularly monitored. Before giving loans to parties including subsidiary, the Company assesses the material risk on account of non-performance by any of the parties.

For derivative and financial instruments, the Company manage its credit risks by dealing with reputable banks and financial institutions.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

(B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company fails to honour its financial obligations in accordance with terms of contract. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position (including the undrawn credit facilities extended by banks and financial institutions) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans

Maturities of Financial Liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

[Amount in Rs.]

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 31st March 2026	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	21,683	-	-	-	21,683
Trade Payables	21,004	-	-	-	21,004
Other Financial Liabilities	4,000	-	-	-	4,000
Total	46,687	-	-	-	46,687

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 31st March 2025	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	22,738	-	-	-	22,738
Trade Payables	1,20,017	-	-	-	1,20,017
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,42,756	-	-	-	1,42,756

(C) Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company does not operates internationally and hence it is not exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions.

(ii) Price risk

The Company's exposure to equity securities price risk arises from unquoted investments held and classified in the balance sheet as Cost. The Company is not expecting high risk exposure from its investment in securities.

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

29 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

(a) Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to
(a) safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and

(b) Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of overall debt portfolio of the Company.

Net debt implies total borrowings of the Company as reduced by Cash and Cash Equivalent and Equity comprises all components attributable to the owners of the Company.

The following table summarises the Net Debt, Equity and Ratio thereof.

Particulars	31st March 2026	31st March 2025
Borrowings - Non-Current	-	-
- Current	21,683	22,738
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	-	-
Total Debt	**21,683**	**22,738**
Less : Cash and Cash Equivalents	531	50
Other bank balance	-	-
Total	**531**	**50**
Net Debt	21,153	22,688
Total Equity	35,820	34,762
Net Debt to Equity Ratio	**0.59**	**0.65**

Under the terms of the major borrowing facilities, the Company has complied with the financial covenants as imposed by the bank.

30 Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

SARITA NUPUR VYAPAR PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

31 **Details of Ratios**

Ratios	Particulars	Formula for FY		Ratios for FY		% Variance	Reason for Variance
		2025-26	2024-25	2025-26	2024-25		
Current Ratio	Current Asset	45,919	1,37,763	0.54	0.96	(43.75)	Ratio has been decresases due to decreases in Current Assets and Current Assets during the year.
	Current Liability	85,105	1,42,855				
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	21,683	22,738	0.61	0.65	(6.15)	Normal Variance.
	Shareholders' Equity	35,820	34,762				
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profit after taxes-Preference Dividend (if any)	1,058	945	3.00	2.76	8.80	Normal Variance.
	Average Shareholders' Equity	35,291	34,290				
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of Goods Sold or Sales	1,71,529	1,15,438	6.42	4.29	49.65	Ratio has been improve due to increase in cost of goods sold during the year.
	Average Inventory	26,714	26,939				
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	1,78,761	1,22,286	4.21	1.51	178.81	Ratio has been improve due to Increases in Net Sales during the year and decrease in average trade receivable during the year.
	Average Trade Receivable	42,422	81,140				
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchases	1,18,100	1,68,418	1.67	1.69	(1.18)	Normal Variances
	Average Accounts Payable	70,510	99,788				
Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales	1,78,761	1,22,286	(8.07)	(20.40)	(60.44)	Ratio has increased due to increase in net sales and decrease in average working capital during the year.
	Average Working Capital	(22,139)	(5,995)				
Net profit ratio	Net Profit	1,058	945	0.59	0.77	(23.40)	Ratio has decrease due to increase in net sales during the year.
	Net Sales	1,78,761	1,22,286				
Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and tax	3,465	5,839	9.67	16.80	(42.41)	Ratio has decreased due to decrease in Finance cost
	Capital Employed	35,820	34,762				
Return on Investment	Net Profit	1,058	945	2.95	2.72	8.67	Normal Variances
	Capital Employed	35,820	34,762				

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO * Chartered Accountants * Kolkata 700 013

32 **Title Deeds of Immovable Property held in the name of the Company**

The title deed of immovable property held in the name of the company.

33 **Details of Benami Property held**

The company is not holding any Benami Property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act 1988.

34 **Wilful Defaulter**

The company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution or any other lender.

35 **Relationship with Struck of Companies.**

The company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act 2013.

36 **Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies**

The company does not have any charges or satisfaction that is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies

37 **Utilization of Borrowed Fund and Share Premium**

The company has not advances or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies)

a) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

i. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or

ii. provide any guarantee,security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b)The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

i. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or

ii. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

38 **Outstanding Trade Receivables and Advances**

Trade receivables include balances aggregating to Rs. 223.70 lacs which have remained outstanding for more than three years as at the reporting date. These include amounts receivable from Shivam Pulse Limited of Rs. 220.22 lacs and Superior Agro Crops Private Limited of Rs. 3.48 lacs.

Other Current Assets include advances aggregating to Rs. 222.16 lacs which have remained outstanding for more than three years as at the reporting date. These comprise advances recoverable from Mr. Arun Kumar Bhunia amounting to Rs. 1.00 lacs and RK Galaxy PTE Ltd. amounting to Rs. 221.16 lacs.

The management is of the view that the aforesaid balances are recoverable and, accordingly, no provision for doubtful debts, expected credit losses, or impairment has been considered necessary in respect of these amounts. The ultimate realization of these balances is dependent upon recovery from the respective parties.

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

39 **Undisclosed Income**

The company does not have any transactions which were not recorded in the books of accounts.

40 **Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)**

The company is not covered under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence , this clause in not applicable.

41 **Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency**

The company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

42 Other figures of the previous years have been regrouped / reclassified and / or rearranged wherever necessary. All the financial figures have been rounded off nearest to thousands unless otherwise stated.

43 The Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with or disabled was noted during the year. The Company has not used any database software where the audit trail feature is not at the application level.

44 Any excess or short payment/charge of GST and TDS will be adjusted in the financial statement at the time of returns filed by the company or assessment is completed by the authorities.

45 The information as required to be furnished pursuant to the General Instructions to Part I & Part II of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 have been given to the extent applicable.

In terms to our report of even date

Signature to Note '1' to '45'

For AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 316112E

(M. Agarwal)
Partner
Membership No. : 052474
UDIN : 26052474PGQISY1513

Place : Kolkata
Date :30/05/2026

AGARWAL KEJRIWAL & CO. Kolkata 700 013 Chartered Accountants

For & on behalf of the Board

(AKHIL KUMAR MANGLIK)
Director
DIN: 01344949

(MANOJ KUMAR GANGULY)
Director
DIN: 00216496